

What Can I Do With a Major in Nursing?

Definition

"Nursing is the protection, promotion, and optimization of health and abilities, prevention of illness and injury, alleviation of suffering through the diagnosis and treatment of human response, and advocacy in the care of individuals, families, communities, and populations."

ANA definition: www.nursingworld.org/

Job Titles/Specialty Areas to Consider

Registered Nurses (RNs) can specialize in a work setting or type of treatment, such as:

- Ambulatory care
- Critical care
- Emergency or trauma
- Home health care
- Holistic
- Hospice and palliative care
- Long-term care
- Medical-surgical
- Perianesthesia
- Perioperative
- Psychiatric-mental health
- Radiology
- Rehabilitation

RNs specializing in a particular disease, ailment, or health care condition are employed in virtually all work settings, including physicians' offices, outpatient treatment facilities, home health care agencies, and hospitals.

- Addictions
- Intellectual and developmental disabilities
- Diabetes management
- Genetics
- HIV/AIDS
- Oncology
- Wound, ostomy, and continence

RNs who **specialize by population** provide preventive and acute care in all health care settings to the segment of the population in which they specialize, including newborns (neonatology), children and adolescents (pediatrics), adults, and the elderly (gerontology or geriatrics).

RNs specializing in treatment of a particular organ or body system usually are employed in hospital specialty or critical care units, specialty clinics, and outpatient care facilities.

- Cardiovascular
- Dermatology
- Gastroenterology
- Gynecology
- Nephrology
- Neuroscience
- Ophthalmic
- Orthopedic
- Otorhinolaryngology
- Respiratory
- Urology

While most nurses care for one patient at a time, **public health nurses care for entire populations**. By working with whole communities, public health nurses are able to educate people about health issues, improve community health and safety, and increase access to care.

Public health nurses:

- Monitor health trends and identify health risk factors unique to specific communities
- Set local priorities for health-related interventions to provide the greatest benefit to the most people
- Advocate with local, state and federal authorities to improve access to health services for underserved communities
- Design and implement health education campaigns and disease prevention activities, such as immunizations and screenings
- Tell people about locally available health care programs and services to improve access to care
- Educate and provide direct health care services to vulnerable and at risk populations.

Some nurses have jobs that require **little or no direct patient care**, but still require an active RN license. These might include:

□ **Nurse Educators** plan, develop, implement, and evaluate educational programs and curricula for the professional development of student nurses and RNs.

□ Forensics nurses participate in the scientific investigation and treatment of abuse victims, violence, criminal activity, and traumatic accident. Infection control nurses identify, track, and control infectious outbreaks in health care facilities and develop programs for outbreak prevention and response to biological terrorism.

□ **Nurse Informaticists** manage and communicate nursing data and information to improve decision making by consumers, patients, nurses, and other health care providers.

☐ RNs may also work as health care consultants, public policy advisors, pharmaceutical and medical supply researchers and salespersons, and medical writers and editors.

RNs may provide basic healthcare to patients outside of health care settings in such venues as including correctional facilities, schools, summer camps, and the military. Some RNs travel around the US and throughout the world providing care to patients in areas with shortages of healthcare workers.

Duties

Registered nurses typically do the following:

- Record patients' medical histories and symptoms
- Give patients medicines and treatments
- Set up plans for patients' care or contribute to existing plans
- Observe patients and record observations
- Consult with doctors and other health care professionals
- Operate and monitor medical equipment
- Help perform diagnostic tests and analyze results
- Teach patients and their families how to manage their illnesses or injuries
- Explain what to do at home after treatment

Day in the Life

Most RNs work in health care facilities. Home health and public health nurses travel to patients' homes, schools, community centers, and other sites. RNs may spend considerable time walking, bending, stretching, and standing. Patients in hospitals and nursing care facilities require 24-hour care; consequently, nurses in these institutions may work nights, weekends, and holidays. RNs also may be on call -- available to work on short notice. Nurses who work in offices, schools, and other settings that do not provide 24-hour care are more likely to work regular business hours. About 20 % of RNs work part time.

Do you have the most important skills to hear "You're Hired"?

- Communication Skills
- Computer and Technical Literacy
- Interpersonal Skills
- Adaptability
- Research Skills
- Project Management Skills
- Problem-Solving Skill
- Strong Work Ethic
- Emotional Intelligence

Advanced Degrees

Some nursing specializations require an advanced degree, in addition to earing your BSN. For more information on nursing education programs, go to: www.aacn.nche.edu/education-resources/nursing-education-programs

Additional Sources of Information

- National Council of State Boards of Nursing www.ncsbn.org
- U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics www.bls.gov/ooh/healthcare/home.htm
- Career Onestop: www.careeronestop.org
- American Association of Colleges of Nursing www.aacn.nche.edu/students
- Top Registered Nursing Careers http://www.rntobsnonline.com/careers/
- Skill Explorer http://skillexplorer.wisconsin.gov

Professional Organizations

- American Nurses Association www.nursingworld.org
- National Student Nurses Association www.nsna.org
- International Council of Nurses www.icn.ch/about-icn/about-icn/
- Sigma Theta Tau International www.nursingsociety.org
- Wisconsin Nurses Association www.wisconsinnurses.org/

